

You must wash yourself and rinse thoroughly before entering the bath. Please sit down on the chair and shower thoroughly in the washing space otherwise you may upset others.

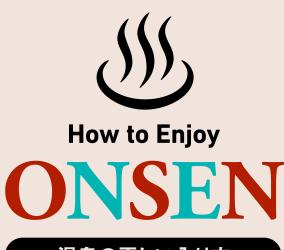


head). Getting your head

wet before entering the hot

bath is important especially

during the cold winter.



温泉の正しい入り方





湯ぶねには静かに入る。最初はみぞおちまで湯に浸かる「半身浴」を

Slip into the bath carefully up to your waist and get used to the water temperature. *Hanshin-yoku* is recommended if you have problem with heart or lungs. Relax and stay quiet while bathing.

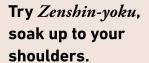


Leave the bath without rinsing your body.

額が汗ばむ程度で湯ぶねから出る。温浴効果を保つため、体は洗い流さない

The appropriate timing to get out is when you have sweat on your forehead. Leaving the minerals of the Onsen water on your body is healthy and not rinsing means that you won't feel chilly after the bath. If you have sensitive skin, you can of course rinse off.





「全身浴」では身体を浮かせたり、 手足を動かして血行を促進させる

Soak up to your shoulders to do Zenshin-Yoku after Hanshin-yoku. You can put your head on the edge of the bathtub and let the rest of your body float to feel the buoyancy. Also, moving your hands and feet in the water helps your blood circulation.





substances.









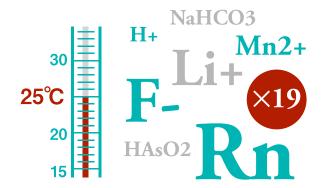




What is ONSEN?

According to the Onsen Law, an Onsen is defined as hot water and water vapor that springs from the Earth either naturally or from artificially-bored holes.

The Onsen water needs to be higher than 25°C or needs to contain one out 19 selected minerals and



温泉法によると、温泉とは「地中から湧出する温水、鉱水及び水蒸気、その他のガス(炭化水素を主成分とする天然ガスを除く)で、温度摂氏 25℃以上、または別に定められた19 種類の物質のうち一つが含まれている物」をいいます。

History of ONSEN

Japan is a volcanically active country, and as such, Onsen have been used since ancient times and are mentioned in Japanese legends and mythologies. The oldest descriptions are found in *Kojiki*, *Nihonshoki* and *Manyoshu* which are the Japanese historical sources compiled at the end of 7th century.



日本は古来より火山活動が活発で、温泉は古くより伝説や神話 にも登場しています。最も古い記述は、7世紀後半より編纂され た「古事記」「日本書記」「万葉集」などに残っています。

Why are **ONSENS**

Effective?

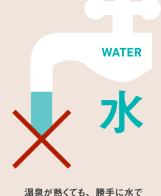
Onsens have various effects such as easing fatigue and keeping you in good health. The minerals contained in Onsen water are absorbed through your skin into your body and provide various medical benefits.



温泉には疲労回復や健康を保つなど、さまざまな効果が期待できます。温泉水に含まれるミネラル成分が肌に浸透し、体のいろいろな症状に効果があることが医学的にも証明されています。



Do not add cold water even if the Onsen is too hot for you.



Put a cold towel on top of your head to avoid dizziness while you are in the bathtub.



のぼせ防止で、入浴中は冷たいタオルを 頭の上にのせましょう。

Do not put towels in the bathtub.



湯ぶねの中にタオルを 入れてはいけません。

Long hair should be tied up so as not to soak in the water.



長い髪は束ねて、湯ぶねの中に 落とさないようにしましょう。

No swimsuits are allowed.



水着の着用はできません。

Take plenty of rest and drink water after bathing.

薄めてはいけません。



No tattoos are allowed (as a general rule).



タトゥーが入っている人は原則、 入浴できません。

Wipe your body before getting back to your locker.



湯あがりは体を拭いてから 脱衣所へ。

Avoid bathing right after dining and drinking alcohol.



食後すぐや、飲酒後の 入浴は避けましょう。

Do not bathe more than 3 times a day to prevent dizziness.

